House Engrossed Senate Bill

FILED

JANICE K. BREWER SECRETARY OF STATE

State of Arizona Senate Forty-seventh Legislature Second Regular Session 2006

CHAPTER 71

SENATE BILL 1007

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 33-1242, 33-1248, 33-1256, 33-1258, 33-1803, 33-1804, 33-1805 AND 33-1807, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO CONDOMINIUMS AND PLANNED COMMUNITIES.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

- i -

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona: Section 1. Section 33-1242, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

33-1242. <u>Powers of unit owners' association: notice to unit owner of violation</u>

- A. Subject to the provisions of the declaration, the association may:
- 1. Adopt and amend bylaws and rules.
- 2. Adopt and amend budgets for revenues, expenditures and reserves and collect assessments for common expenses from unit owners.
- 3. Hire and discharge managing agents and other employees, agents and independent contractors.
- 4. Institute, defend or intervene in litigation or administrative proceedings in its own name on behalf of itself or two or more unit owners on matters affecting the condominium.
 - 5. Make contracts and incur liabilities.
- 6. Regulate the use, maintenance, repair, replacement and modification of common elements.
- 7. Cause additional improvements to be made as a part of the common elements.
- 8. Acquire, hold, encumber and convey in its own name any right, title or interest to real or personal property, except that common elements may be conveyed or subjected to a security interest only pursuant to section 33-1252.
- 9. Grant easements, leases, licenses and concessions through or over the common elements.
- 10. Impose and receive any payments, fees or charges for the use, rental or operation of the common elements other than limited common elements described in section 33-1212, paragraphs 2 and 4 and for services provided to unit owners.
- 11. Impose charges for late payment of assessments and, after notice and an opportunity to be heard, impose reasonable monetary penalties upon unit owners for violations of the declaration, bylaws and rules of the association.
- 12. Impose reasonable charges for the preparation and recordation of amendments to the declaration or statements of unpaid assessments.
- 13. Provide for the indemnification of its officers and executive board of directors and maintain directors' and officers' liability insurance.
- 14. Assign its right to future income, including the right to receive common expense assessments, but only to the extent the declaration expressly provides.
- 15. Be a member of a master association or other entity owning, maintaining or governing in any respect any portion of the common elements or other property benefitting or related to the condominium or the unit owners in any respect.
 - 16. Exercise any other powers conferred by the declaration or bylaws.

- 1 -

- 17. Exercise all other powers that may be exercised in this state by legal entities of the same type as the association.
- 18. Exercise any other powers necessary and proper for the governance and operation of the association.
- B. BEFORE TAKING ACTION TO ENFORCE THE PROVISIONS OF THE CONDOMINIUM DOCUMENTS REGARDING THE CONDITION OF THE UNIT OWNER'S PROPERTY, THE ASSOCIATION SHALL PROVIDE THE UNIT OWNER WITH WRITTEN NOTICE OF THE VIOLATION OF THE CONDOMINIUM DOCUMENTS AND A DESCRIPTION OF THE PROCESS THE UNIT OWNER MUST FOLLOW TO CONTEST THE NOTICE. A UNIT OWNER WHO RECEIVES A WRITTEN NOTICE THAT THE CONDITION OF THE PROPERTY OWNED BY THE UNIT OWNER IS IN VIOLATION OF A REQUIREMENT OF THE CONDOMINIUM DOCUMENTS WITHOUT REGARD TO WHETHER A MONETARY PENALTY IS IMPOSED BY THE NOTICE MAY PROVIDE THE ASSOCIATION WITH A WRITTEN RESPONSE BY SENDING THE RESPONSE BY CERTIFIED MAIL WITHIN TEN BUSINESS DAYS AFTER THE DATE OF THE NOTICE. THE RESPONSE SHALL BE SENT TO THE ADDRESS CONTAINED IN THE RECORDED NOTICE PRESCRIBED BY SECTION WITHIN TEN BUSINESS DAYS AFTER RECEIPT OF THE 33-1256, SUBSECTION J. CERTIFIED MAIL CONTAINING THE RESPONSE FROM THE UNIT OWNER, THE ASSOCIATION SHALL RESPOND TO THE UNIT OWNER WITH A WRITTEN EXPLANATION REGARDING THE NOTICE. THE WRITTEN EXPLANATION FROM THE ASSOCIATION SHALL PROVIDE AT LEAST THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:
- 1. THE PROVISION OF THE CONDOMINIUM DOCUMENTS THAT HAS ALLEGEDLY BEEN VIOLATED.
 - 2. THE DATE OF THE VIOLATION OR THE DATE THE VIOLATION WAS OBSERVED.
- 3. THE FIRST AND LAST NAME OF THE PERSON OR PERSONS WHO OBSERVED THE VIOLATION.
- C. THE ASSOCIATION SHALL NOT PROCEED WITH ANY ACTION TO ENFORCE THE CONDOMINIUM DOCUMENTS, INCLUDING THE COLLECTION OF ATTORNEY FEES, BEFORE OR DURING THE TIME PRESCRIBED BY SUBSECTION B OF THIS SECTION REGARDING THE EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION BETWEEN THE ASSOCIATION AND THE UNIT OWNER.
 - Sec. 2. Section 33-1248, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 33-1248. Open meetings: exceptions
- A. Notwithstanding any provision in the declaration, bylaws or other documents to the contrary, all meetings of the association and board of directors are open to all members of the association or any person designated by a member in writing as the member's representative and all members or designated representatives so desiring shall be permitted to attend and speak at an appropriate time during the deliberations and proceedings. The board may place reasonable time restrictions on those persons speaking during the meeting but shall permit a member or a member's designated representative to speak before the board takes formal action on an item under discussion in addition to any other opportunities to speak. The board shall provide for a reasonable number of persons to speak on each side of an issue. Any portion of a meeting may be closed only if that portion of the meeting is limited to consideration of one or more of the following:

- 2 -

- 1. Legal advice from an attorney for the board or the association. On final resolution of any matter for which the board received legal advice or that concerned pending or contemplated litigation, the board may disclose information about that matter in an open meeting except for matters that are required to remain confidential by the terms of a settlement agreement or judgment.
 - 2. Pending or contemplated litigation.
- 3. Personal, health and OR financial information about an individual member of the association, an individual employee of the association or an individual employee of a contractor for the association, INCLUDING RECORDS OF THE ASSOCIATION DIRECTLY RELATED TO THE PERSONAL, HEALTH OR FINANCIAL INFORMATION ABOUT AN INDIVIDUAL MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATION, AN INDIVIDUAL EMPLOYEE OF THE ASSOCIATION OR AN INDIVIDUAL EMPLOYEE OF A CONTRACTOR FOR THE ASSOCIATION.
- 4. Matters relating to the job performance of, compensation of, health records of or specific complaints against an individual employee of the association or an individual employee of a contractor of the association who works under the direction of the association.
- B. Notwithstanding any provision in the condominium documents, all meetings of the association and the board shall be held in this state. A meeting of the association shall be held at least once each year. Special meetings of the association may be called by the president, by a majority of the board of directors or by unit owners having at least twenty-five per cent, or any lower percentage specified in the bylaws, of the votes in the association. Unless otherwise provided in the articles or the bylaws of the association, not fewer than ten nor more than fifty days in advance of any meeting of the unit owners, the secretary shall cause notice to be hand delivered or sent prepaid by United States mail to the mailing address of each unit or to any other mailing address designated in writing by the unit owner. The notice of any meeting of the unit owners shall state the time and place of the meeting. The notice of any special meeting of the unit owners shall also state the purpose for which the meeting is called, including the general nature of any proposed amendment to the declaration or bylaws, any changes in assessments that require approval of the unit owners and any proposal to remove a director or officer. The failure of any unit owner to receive actual notice of a meeting of the unit owners does not affect the validity of any action taken at that meeting.
- C. Unless otherwise provided in the articles or bylaws of the association, for meetings of the board of directors that are held after the termination of declarant control of the association, notice to unit owners of meetings of the board of directors shall be given at least forty-eight hours in advance of the meeting by newsletter, conspicuous posting or any other reasonable means as determined by the board of directors. An affidavit of notice by an officer of the association is prima facie evidence that notice was given as prescribed by this section. Notice to unit owners of meetings

- 3 -

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

42 43

44

45

of the board of directors is not required if emergency circumstances require action by the board before notice can be given. Any notice of a board meeting shall state the time and place of the meeting. The failure of any unit owner to receive actual notice of a meeting of the board of directors does not affect the validity of any action taken at that meeting.

D. This section does not apply to timeshare plans or associations that are subject to chapter 20 of this title.

Sec. 3. Section 33-1256, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 33-1256. Lien for assessments: priority: mechanics' and materialmen's liens; applicability

- A. The association has a lien on a unit for any assessment levied against that unit from the time the assessment becomes due. association's lien for assessments, for charges for late payment of those assessments, for reasonable collection fees and for reasonable attorney fees and costs incurred with respect to those assessments may be foreclosed in the same manner as a mortgage on real estate BUT MAY BE FORECLOSED ONLY IF THE OWNER HAS BEEN DELINQUENT IN THE PAYMENT OF MONIES SECURED BY THE LIEN, EXCLUDING REASONABLE COLLECTION FEES, REASONABLE ATTORNEY FEES AND CHARGES FOR LATE PAYMENT OF AND COSTS INCURRED WITH RESPECT TO THOSE ASSESSMENTS, FOR A PERIOD OF ONE YEAR OR IN THE AMOUNT OF ONE THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS OR MORE, WHICHEVER OCCURS FIRST. Fees, charges, late charges, monetary penalties and interest charged pursuant to section 33-1242, SUBSECTION A, paragraphs 10, 11 and 12, other than charges for late payment of assessments, are not enforceable as assessments under this section. If an assessment is payable in installments, the full amount of the assessment is a lien from the time the first installment of the assessment becomes due. The association has a lien for fees, charges, late charges, other than charges for late payment of assessments, monetary penalties or interest charged pursuant to section 33-1242, SUBSECTION A, paragraphs 10, 11 and 12 after the entry of a judgment in a civil suit for those fees, charges, late charges, monetary penalties or interest from a court of competent jurisdiction and the recording of that judgment in the office of the county recorder as otherwise provided by law. The association's lien for monies other than for assessments, for charges for late payment of those assessments, for reasonable collection fees and for reasonable attorney fees and costs incurred with respect to those assessments may not be foreclosed and is effective only on conveyance of any interest in the real property.
- B. A lien for assessments, for charges for late payment of those assessments, for reasonable collection fees and for reasonable attorney fees and costs incurred with respect to those assessments under this section is prior to all other liens, interests and encumbrances on a unit except:
- 1. Liens and encumbrances recorded before the recordation of the declaration.
- 2. A recorded first mortgage on the unit, a seller's interest in a first contract for sale pursuant to chapter 6, article 3 of this title on the

- 4 -

unit recorded prior to the lien arising pursuant to subsection A of this section or a recorded first deed of trust on the unit.

- 3. Liens for real estate taxes and other governmental assessments or charges against the unit.
- C. Subsection B of this section does not affect the priority of mechanics' or materialmen's liens or the priority of liens for other assessments made by the association. The lien under this section is not subject to the provisions of chapter 8 of this title.
- D. Unless the declaration otherwise provides, if two or more associations have liens for assessments created at any time on the same real estate, those liens have equal priority.
- E. Recording of the declaration constitutes record notice and perfection of the lien for assessments, for charges for late payment of those assessments, for reasonable collection fees and for reasonable attorney fees and costs incurred with respect to those assessments. Further recordation of any claim of lien for assessments under this section is not required.
- F. A lien for unpaid assessments is extinguished unless proceedings to enforce the lien are instituted within three years after the full amount of the assessments becomes due.
- G. This section does not prohibit actions to recover sums for which subsection A of this section creates a lien or does not prohibit an association from taking a deed in lieu of foreclosure.
- H. A judgment or decree in any action brought under this section shall include costs and reasonable attorney fees for the prevailing party.
- I. The association on written request shall furnish to a lienholder, escrow agent, unit owner or person designated by a unit owner a statement setting forth the amount of unpaid assessments against the unit. The statement shall be furnished within fifteen days after receipt of the request and the statement is binding on the association, the board of directors and every unit owner if the statement is requested by an escrow agency that is licensed pursuant to title 6, chapter 7. Failure to provide the statement to the escrow agent within the time provided for in this subsection shall extinguish any lien for any unpaid assessment then due.
- J. The association shall record in the office of the county recorder in the county in which the condominium is located a notice stating the name of the association or designated agent or management company for the association, the address for the association and the telephone number of the association or its designated agent or management company. The notice shall include the name of the condominium community, the date of the recording and the recorded instrument number or book and page for the main document that constitutes the declaration. If an association's address, designated agent or management company changes, the association shall amend its notice or record a new notice within ninety days after the change.
- K. Notwithstanding any provision in the condominium documents or in any contract between the association and a management company, unless the

- 5 -

member directs otherwise, all payments received on a member's account shall be applied first to any unpaid assessments, for unpaid charges for late payment of those assessments, for reasonable collection fees and for unpaid attorney fees and costs incurred with respect to those assessments, in that order, with any remaining amounts applied next to other unpaid fees, charges and monetary penalties or interest and late charges on any of those amounts.

- L. This section does not apply to timeshare plans or associations that are subject to chapter 20 of this title.
 - Sec. 4. Section 33-1258, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 33-1258. Association financial and other records; applicability
- A. Except as provided in subsection B of this section, all financial and other records of the association shall be made reasonably available for examination by any member or any person designated by the member in writing as the member's representative. THE ASSOCIATION SHALL NOT CHARGE A MEMBER OR ANY PERSON DESIGNATED BY THE MEMBER IN WRITING FOR MAKING MATERIAL AVAILABLE FOR REVIEW. THE ASSOCIATION SHALL HAVE TEN BUSINESS DAYS TO FULFILL A REQUEST FOR EXAMINATION. ON REQUEST FOR PURCHASE OF COPIES OF RECORDS BY ANY MEMBER OR ANY PERSON DESIGNATED BY THE MEMBER IN WRITING AS THE MEMBER'S REPRESENTATIVE, THE ASSOCIATION SHALL HAVE TEN BUSINESS DAYS TO PROVIDE COPIES OF THE REQUESTED RECORDS. AN ASSOCIATION MAY CHARGE A FEE FOR MAKING COPIES OF NOT MORE THAN FIFTEEN CENTS PER PAGE.
- B. Books and records kept by or on behalf of the association and the board may be withheld from disclosure to the extent that the portion withheld relates to any of the following:
- 1. Privileged communication between an attorney for the association and the association.
 - 2. Pending or contemplated litigation.
- 3. Meeting minutes or other records of a session of a board meeting that is not required to be open to all members pursuant to section 33-1248.
- 4. Personal, health and OR financial records of an individual member of the association, an individual employee of the association or an individual employee of a contractor for the association, INCLUDING RECORDS OF THE ASSOCIATION DIRECTLY RELATED TO THE PERSONAL, HEALTH OR FINANCIAL INFORMATION ABOUT AN INDIVIDUAL MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATION, AN INDIVIDUAL EMPLOYEE OF THE ASSOCIATION OR AN INDIVIDUAL EMPLOYEE OF A CONTRACTOR FOR THE ASSOCIATION.
- 5. Records relating to the job performance of, compensation of, health records of or specific complaints against an individual employee of the association or an individual employee of a contractor of the association who works under the direction of the association.
- C. The association shall not be required to disclose financial and other records of the association if disclosure would violate any state or federal law.
- D. This section does not apply to an association for a timeshare plan that is subject to chapter 20 of this title.

- 6 -

 Sec. 5. Section 33-1803, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 33-1803. <u>Penalties: notice to member of violation</u>

- A. Unless limitations in the community documents would result in a lower limit for the assessment, the association shall not impose a regular assessment that is more than twenty per cent greater than the immediately preceding fiscal year's assessment without the approval of the majority of the members of the association. Unless reserved to the members of the association, the board of directors may impose reasonable charges for the late payment of assessments. A payment by a member is deemed late if it is unpaid fifteen or more days after its due date, unless the community documents provide for a longer period. Charges for the late payment of assessments are limited to the greater of fifteen dollars or ten per cent of the amount of the unpaid assessment. Any monies paid by the member for an unpaid assessment shall be applied first to the principal amount unpaid and then to the interest accrued.
- B. After notice and an opportunity to be heard, the board of directors may impose reasonable monetary penalties on members for violations of the declaration, bylaws and rules of the association. Notwithstanding any provision in the community documents, the board of directors shall not impose a charge for a late payment of a penalty that exceeds the greater of fifteen dollars or ten per cent of the amount of the unpaid penalty. A payment is deemed late if it is unpaid fifteen or more days after its due date, unless the declaration, bylaws or rules of the association provide for a longer period. Any monies paid by a member for an unpaid penalty shall be applied first to the principal amount unpaid and then to the interest accrued. Notice pursuant to this subsection shall include information pertaining to the manner in which the penalty shall be enforced.
- C. BEFORE TAKING ACTION TO ENFORCE THE PROVISIONS OF THE COMMUNITY DOCUMENTS REGARDING THE CONDITION OF THE MEMBER'S PROPERTY, THE ASSOCIATION SHALL PROVIDE THE MEMBER WITH WRITTEN NOTICE OF THE VIOLATION OF THE COMMUNITY DOCUMENTS AND A DESCRIPTION OF THE PROCESS THE MEMBER MUST FOLLOW TO CONTEST THE NOTICE. A MEMBER WHO RECEIVES A WRITTEN NOTICE THAT THE CONDITION OF THE PROPERTY OWNED BY THE MEMBER IS IN VIOLATION OF THE COMMUNITY DOCUMENTS WITHOUT REGARD TO WHETHER A MONETARY PENALTY IS IMPOSED BY THE NOTICE MAY PROVIDE THE ASSOCIATION WITH A WRITTEN RESPONSE BY SENDING THE RESPONSE BY CERTIFIED MAIL WITHIN TEN BUSINESS DAYS AFTER THE DATE OF THE NOTICE. THE RESPONSE SHALL BE SENT TO THE ADDRESS CONTAINED IN THE RECORDED NOTICE PRESCRIBED BY SECTION 33-1807, SUBSECTION J. WITHIN TEN BUSINESS DAYS AFTER RECEIPT OF THE CERTIFIED MAIL CONTAINING THE RESPONSE FROM THE MEMBER, THE ASSOCIATION SHALL RESPOND TO THE MEMBER WITH A WRITTEN EXPLANATION REGARDING THE NOTICE. THE WRITTEN EXPLANATION FROM THE ASSOCIATION SHALL PROVIDE AT LEAST THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:
- 1. THE PROVISION OF THE COMMUNITY DOCUMENTS THAT HAS ALLEGEDLY BEEN VIOLATED.

- 7 -

- 2. THE DATE OF THE VIOLATION OR THE DATE THE VIOLATION WAS OBSERVED.
- 3. THE FIRST AND LAST NAME OF THE PERSON OR PERSONS WHO OBSERVED THE VIOLATION.
- D. THE ASSOCIATION SHALL NOT PROCEED WITH ANY ACTION TO ENFORCE THE COMMUNITY DOCUMENTS, INCLUDING THE COLLECTION OF ATTORNEY FEES, BEFORE OR DURING THE TIME PRESCRIBED BY SUBSECTION C OF THIS SECTION REGARDING THE EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION BETWEEN THE ASSOCIATION AND THE MEMBER.
 - Sec. 6. Section 33-1804, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 33-1804. Open meetings: exceptions
- A. Notwithstanding any provision in the declaration, bylaws or other documents to the contrary, all meetings of the association and board of directors are open to all members of the association or any person designated by a member in writing as the member's representative and all members or designated representatives so desiring shall be permitted to attend and speak at an appropriate time during the deliberations and proceedings. The board may place reasonable time restrictions on those persons speaking during the meeting but shall permit a member or member's designated representative to speak before the board takes formal action on an item under discussion in addition to any other opportunities to speak. The board shall provide for a reasonable number of persons to speak on each side of an issue. Any portion of a meeting may be closed only if that closed portion of the meeting is limited to consideration of one or more of the following:
- 1. Legal advice from an attorney for the board or the association. On final resolution of any matter for which the board received legal advice or that concerned pending or contemplated litigation, the board may disclose information about that matter in an open meeting except for matters that are required to remain confidential by the terms of a settlement agreement or judgment.
 - 2. Pending or contemplated litigation.
- 3. Personal, health and OR financial information about an individual member of the association, an individual employee of the association or an individual employee of a contractor for the association, INCLUDING RECORDS OF THE ASSOCIATION DIRECTLY RELATED TO THE PERSONAL, HEALTH OR FINANCIAL INFORMATION ABOUT AN INDIVIDUAL MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATION, AN INDIVIDUAL EMPLOYEE OF THE ASSOCIATION OR AN INDIVIDUAL EMPLOYEE OF A CONTRACTOR FOR THE ASSOCIATION.
- 4. Matters relating to the job performance of, compensation of, health records of or specific complaints against an individual employee of the association or an individual employee of a contractor of the association who works under the direction of the association.
- B. Notwithstanding any provision in the community documents, all meetings of the association and the board shall be held in this state. A meeting of the association shall be held at least once each year. Special meetings of the association may be called by the president, by a majority of the board of directors or by members having at least twenty-five per cent, or

- 8 -

any lower percentage specified in the bylaws, of the votes in the association. Unless otherwise provided in the articles or bylaws of the association, not fewer than ten nor more than fifty days in advance of any meeting of the members the secretary shall cause notice to be hand-delivered or sent prepaid by United States mail to the mailing address for each lot, parcel or unit owner or to any other mailing address designated in writing by a member. The notice shall state the time and place of the meeting. A notice of any special meeting of the members shall also state the purpose for which the meeting is called, including the general nature of any proposed amendment to the declaration or bylaws, changes in assessments that require approval of the members and any proposal to remove a director or an officer. The failure of any member to receive actual notice of a meeting of the members does not affect the validity of any action taken at that meeting.

C. Unless otherwise provided in the articles or bylaws of the association, for meetings of the board of directors that are held after the termination of declarant control of the association, notice to members of meetings of the board of directors shall be given at least forty-eight hours in advance of the meeting by newsletter, conspicuous posting or any other reasonable means as determined by the board of directors. An affidavit of notice by an officer of the corporation is prima facie evidence that notice was given as prescribed by this section. Notice to members of meetings of the board of directors is not required if emergency circumstances require action by the board before notice can be given. Any notice of a board meeting shall state the time and place of the meeting. The failure of any member to receive actual notice of a meeting of the board of directors does not affect the validity of any action taken at that meeting.

Sec. 7. Section 33-1805, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 33-1805. Association financial and other records

A. Except as provided in subsection B of this section, all financial and other records of the association shall be made reasonably available for examination by any member or any person designated by the member in writing as the member's representative. THE ASSOCIATION SHALL NOT CHARGE A MEMBER OR ANY PERSON DESIGNATED BY THE MEMBER IN WRITING FOR MAKING MATERIAL AVAILABLE FOR REVIEW. THE ASSOCIATION SHALL HAVE TEN BUSINESS DAYS TO FULFILL A REQUEST FOR EXAMINATION. ON REQUEST FOR PURCHASE OF COPIES OF RECORDS BY ANY MEMBER OR ANY PERSON DESIGNATED BY THE MEMBER IN WRITING AS THE MEMBER'S REPRESENTATIVE, THE ASSOCIATION SHALL HAVE TEN BUSINESS DAYS TO PROVIDE COPIES OF THE REQUESTED RECORDS. AN ASSOCIATION MAY CHARGE A FEE FOR MAKING COPIES OF NOT MORE THAN FIFTEEN CENTS PER PAGE.

- B. Books and records kept by or on behalf of the association and the board may be withheld from disclosure to the extent that the portion withheld relates to any of the following:
- 1. Privileged communication between an attorney for the association and the association.
 - Pending or contemplated litigation.

- 9 -

2

3

4

5

6 7

8

9

10

11

12

13 14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

42

43

- 3. Meeting minutes or other records of a session of a board meeting that is not required to be open to all members pursuant to section 33-1804.
- 4. Personal, health and OR financial records of an individual member of the association, an individual employee of the association or an individual employee of a contractor for the association, INCLUDING RECORDS OF THE ASSOCIATION DIRECTLY RELATED TO THE PERSONAL, HEALTH OR FINANCIAL INFORMATION.
- 5. Records relating to the job performance of, compensation of, health records of or specific complaints against an individual employee of the association or an individual employee of a contractor of the association who works under the direction of the association.
- C. The association shall not be required to disclose financial and other records of the association if disclosure would violate any state or federal law.
 - Sec. 8. Section 33-1807, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 33-1807. Lien for assessments; priority; mechanics' and materialmen's liens

A. The association has a lien on a unit for any assessment levied against that unit from the time the assessment becomes due. The association's lien for assessments, for charges for late payment of those assessments, for reasonable collection fees and for reasonable attorney fees and costs incurred with respect to those assessments may be foreclosed in the same manner as a mortgage on real estate BUT MAY BE FORECLOSED ONLY IF THE OWNER HAS BEEN DELINQUENT IN THE PAYMENT OF MONIES SECURED BY THE LIEN, EXCLUDING REASONABLE COLLECTION FEES, REASONABLE ATTORNEY FEES AND CHARGES FOR LATE PAYMENT OF AND COSTS INCURRED WITH RESPECT TO THOSE ASSESSMENTS, FOR A PERIOD OF ONE YEAR OR IN THE AMOUNT OF ONE THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS OR MORE, WHICHEVER OCCURS FIRST. Fees, charges, late charges, monetary penalties and interest charged pursuant to section 33-1803, other than charges for late payment of assessments are not enforceable as assessments under this section. If an assessment is payable in installments, the full amount of the assessment is a lien from the time the first installment of the assessment becomes due. The association has a lien for fees, charges, late charges, other than charges for late payment of assessments, monetary penalties or interest charged pursuant to section 33-1803 after the entry of a judgment in a civil suit for those fees, charges, late charges, monetary penalties or interest from a court of competent jurisdiction and the recording of that judgment in the office of the county recorder as otherwise The association's lien for monies other than for provided by law. assessments, for charges for late payment of those assessments, for reasonable collection fees and for reasonable attorney fees and costs incurred with respect to those assessments may not be foreclosed and is effective only on conveyance of any interest in the real property.

- 10 -

- B. A lien for assessments, for charges for late payment of those assessments, for reasonable collection fees and for reasonable attorney fees and costs incurred with respect to those assessments under this section is prior to all other liens, interests and encumbrances on a unit except:
- 1. Liens and encumbrances recorded before the recordation of the declaration.
- 2. A recorded first mortgage on the unit, a seller's interest in a first contract for sale pursuant to chapter 6, article 3 of this title on the unit recorded prior to the lien arising pursuant to subsection A of this section or a recorded first deed of trust on the unit.
- 3. Liens for real estate taxes and other governmental assessments or charges against the unit.
- C. Subsection B of this section does not affect the priority of mechanics' or materialmen's liens or the priority of liens for other assessments made by the association. The lien under this section is not subject to chapter 8 of this title.
- D. Unless the declaration otherwise provides, if two or more associations have liens for assessments created at any time on the same real estate those liens have equal priority.
- E. Recording of the declaration constitutes record notice and perfection of the lien for assessments, for charges for late payment of assessments, for reasonable collection fees and for reasonable attorney fees and costs incurred with respect to those assessments. Further recordation of any claim of lien for assessments under this section is not required.
- F. A lien for an unpaid assessment is extinguished unless proceedings to enforce the lien are instituted within three years after the full amount of the assessment becomes due.
 - G. This section does not prohibit:
- 1. Actions to recover amounts for which subsection A of this section creates a lien.
 - 2. An association from taking a deed in lieu of foreclosure.
- H. A judgment or decree in any action brought under this section shall include costs and reasonable attorney fees for the prevailing party.
- I. On written request, the association shall furnish to a lienholder, escrow agent, unit owner or person designated by a unit owner a statement setting forth the amount of any unpaid assessment against the unit. The association shall furnish the statement within fifteen days after receipt of the request, and the statement is binding on the association, the board of directors and every unit owner if the statement is requested by an escrow agency that is licensed pursuant to title 6, chapter 7. Failure to provide the statement to the escrow agent within the time provided for in this subsection shall extinguish any lien for any unpaid assessment then due.

- 11 --

- J. The association shall record in the office of the county recorder in the county in which the planned community is located a notice stating the name of the association or designated agent or management company for the association, the address for the association and the telephone number of the association or its designated agent or management company. The notice shall include the name of the planned community, the date of the recording and the recorded instrument number or book and page for the main document that constitutes the declaration. If an association's address, designated agent or management company changes, the association shall amend its notice or record a new notice within ninety days after the change.
- K. Notwithstanding any provision in the community documents or in any contract between the association and a management company, unless the member directs otherwise, all payments received on a member's account shall be applied first to any unpaid assessments, for unpaid charges for late payment of those assessments, for reasonable collection fees and for unpaid attorney fees and costs incurred with respect to those assessments, in that order, with any remaining amounts applied next to other unpaid fees, charges and monetary penalties or interest and late charges on any of those amounts.

APPROVED BY THE GOVERNOR APRIL 10, 2006.

FILED IN THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE APRIL 10, 2006.